TA T	
Name:	
1 MILLO	



# Unions (labor, workers)

run all the companies together as if they were one company

### **Big Business Notes**

# Vs. Big Business



Large companies/owners

which violates the Sherman Act = soldiers come to break it up

Social Darwinism: the idea that a social and/or economic system with unregulated competition will bring about the best outcome. Translated: "Survival of the Fittest" for social life and business life. If you are smart and work hard, you'll be successful and rich. If you aren't you will end up a broke and alone.

UNIONS:	ANDREW CARNEGIE (US STEEL)
	Strate gies: 1. Keep costs down by:
Complaints:	2. Get good prices on your ingredients by:
	= Buy out the companies that make your ingredients  3. Reduce competition by:
Strate gies:  = negotiations between worker reps and management to reach agreements over worker complaints  Strikes	= Buy out or merge with companies making the same product  Definitions  = only one producer. The only company with that product = no competition to keep prices down or "keep them honest"
Steelworkers refused to work and were going to prevent non-unions workers from entering mill. Company hired armed guards, gun fire broke out Killing 12 people. Workers held their ground for 3 months, but finally gave in. It took 45 years for the steel workers to unite again—big business won	JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER (STANDARD OIL)  Strate gy: 1. Low 2. Lower (to drive out competitors) 3. Then prices 4. have tons of money/power/control over the industry 5. have the angry public call you a "ROBBER BARON"  Fraud
= asking Senators & Representatives to make/pass laws	Frac
LAWS ENACTED FOR THE UNIONS	Railroad construction company (really a trust) that over charged the gov't for laying tracks, then pocketed the money
= gives federal government the right to regulate businesses that engage in transportation across state lines—like railroads, + later air, water & roads. + created agency to investigate such businesses (ICC – Interstate Commerce Commission)	Response to Response to Strikes:  Non-union workers who will work in the place of workers who are striking.
=made it illegal to forma trust that interfered with free trade between states or other countries. Trust = agreement where companies turn over their stock shares to a group who then	They would claim that the strike interfered with free trade,

Name:	
-------	--



## **Big Business Notes**

# Unions (labor, workers)

# **Big Business**



Large companies/owners

Social Darwinism: the idea that a social and/or economic system with unregulated competition will bring about the best outcome. Translated: "Survival of the Fittest" for social life and business life. If you are smart and work hard, you'll be successful and rich. If you aren't you will end up a broke and alone.

UNIONS:

# KNIGHTS OF LABOR

NATIONAL LABOR UNION

Complaints: LOW WAGES

LONG HOURS/WORK DAY

DANGEROUS WORKPLACE

Strate gies:

#### COLLECTIVE BARGAINING

= negotiations between worker reps and management to reach agreements over worker complaints

Strikes

#### **HOMESTEAD STRIKE 1892**

Steelworkers refused to work and were going to prevent non-unions workers from entering mill. Company hired armed guards, gun fire broke out Killing 12 people. Workers held their ground for 3 months, but finally gave in. It took 45 years for the steel workers to unite again—big business won

#### LOBBYING CONGRESS

asking Senators & Representatives to make/pass laws

LAWS ENACTED FOR THE UNIONS

#### INTERSTATE COMMERCE ACT

= gives federal government the right to regulate businesses that engage in transportation across state lines—like railroads, + later air, water & roads. + created agency to investigate such businesses (ICC - Interstate Commerce Commission)

#### SHERMAN ANTITRUST ACT

=made it illegal to forma trust that interfered with free trade between states or other countries. Trust = agreement where companies turn over their stock shares to a group who then run all the companies together as if they were one company

#### ANDREW CARNEGIE (US STEEL)

Strategies: 1. Keep costs down by:

# 1 Technology & worker efficiency

Get good prices on your ingredients by:

#### VERTICAL INTEGRATION

- = Buy out the companies that make your ingredients
  - Reduce competition by:

#### HORIZONTAL INTEGRATION

= Buy out or merge with companies making the same product

Definitions

#### MONOPOLY

- = only one producer. The only company with that product
- = no competition to keep prices down or "keep them honest"

#### JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER (STANDARD OIL)

- 1. Low
- WAGES
- 2. Lower PRICES

(to drive out competitors)

- 3. Then RAISE prices
- 4. have tons of money/power/control over the industry
- have the angry public call you a "ROBBER BARON" Fraud

### CRÉDIT MOBILER

Railroad construction company (really a trust) that over charged the gov't for laying tracks, then pocketed the money

Response Strikes.

SCABS

Non-union workers who will work in the place of workers who are striking.

#### USE VAGUE LAWS AGAINST THEM

They would claim that the strike interfered with free trade, which violates the Sherman Act = soldiers come to break it up