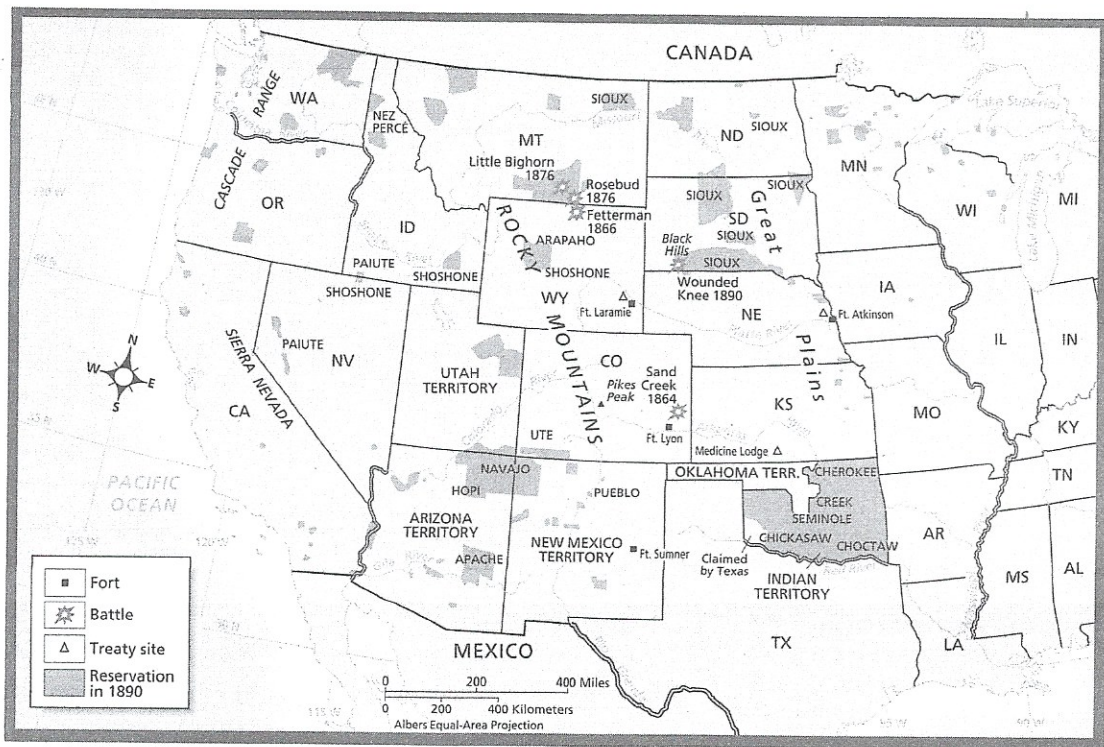


Conflicts with the Native Americans

In the mid-1800s miners and settlers began crossing the Great Plains in large numbers. To protect these travelers, U.S. officials signed treaties with the Native Americans. Some treaties created reservations, or land set aside for the Indians. These treaties, however, did not keep the peace for long. Conflict between the U.S. Army and Native American peoples continued for more than 25 years.



MAP ACTIVITY

1. Using a bright color, highlight the Native American reservations existing in 1890.
2. Label with a *B* the Native American battles noted on the map.
3. Label treaty sites with a *T*.
4. As seen on the map, where was the last battle between the U.S. Army and the Native Americans?

ANALYZING MAPS

1. Place Which state or territory had the largest concentration of Native American reservations in 1890?

2. Region In what part of the country was there a reservation for the Apache Indians?

3. Movement Why were the Native Americans forced onto reservations?

4. Evaluating Why do you think life on the reservations was difficult for Native American peoples?
